

## Conditionals

### Conditional type 0

**Rule :** A conditional sentence type 0 consists of an *if-clause* and a *main clause*.

The *if-clause* describes general truths. (*If* means the same as *when* in conditional type 0.)

The *main clause* describes the consequences of this situation.

Use the *present simple* in the *if-clause*.

Use *present simple* in the *main clause*.

If/When you're in love, nothing else matters.

If/When it rains, everything gets wet.

Ice melts if/when we heat it.

### Conditional type 1 → erfüllbare Bedingungen

**Rule :** A conditional sentence type 1 consists of an *if-clause* and a *main clause*.

The *if-clause* describes a real or possible situation.

The *main clause* describes the consequences of this situation.

Use the *present simple* in the *if-clause*.

Use *will + base form of the verb* in the *main clause*.

If you ring this number, you will get help.

If you don't stop surfing in the Internet, you won't finish your work.

The robot won't work if she forgets to charge the battery

### Conditional type 2 → nicht erfüllbare Bedingungen

**Rule :** A conditional sentence type 2 consists of an *if-clause* and a *main clause*.

The *if-clause* describes an improbable or unrealistic situation in the present or future.

The *main clause* describes the consequences of this situation.

Use the *past simple* in the *if-clause*.

Use *would + base form of the verb* in the *main clause*.

If I had a lot of money, I would buy a new computer. (However, I don't have a lot of money.)

I would tell you the answer if I knew it. (However, I don't know the answer.)

### Conditional type 3 → nicht mehr erfüllbare Bedingungen

**Rule :** A conditional sentence type 3 consists of an *if-clause* and a *main clause*.

The *if-clause* describes past events which cannot be changed.

The *main clause* describes the consequences of this situation.

Use the *past perfect* in the *if-clause*.

Use *would have + past participle of the verb* in the *main clause*.

If it had snowed, we'd (would) have gone skiing. (However, it didn't snow.)

I'd (would) have invited you every weekend if you'd (had) invited me. (But you didn't invite me.)

If I'd (had) seen Karen, I'd (would) have given her your message. (However, I didn't see her.)

## C Grammar exercises

### 1 Match the beginnings and endings of these sentences.



- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1 The house wouldn't have been such a mess | A if she wasn't such a jealous type.           |
| 2 If Mike had listened to his father,      | B I'd probably try to get into a local team.   |
| 3 I would quite like Juno                  | C they usually wait until the weather is good. |
| 4 If Dave didn't work so much,             | D and you'll never forget his face.            |
| 5 We would have arrived early              | E he wouldn't have got into trouble.           |
| 6 If I were as good at tennis as Nancy,    | F I still wouldn't love you!                   |
| 7 If people want to have a barbecue,       | G she'll get a nasty surprise.                 |
| 8 If Sally opens that door,                | H if the roads had been less busy.             |
| 9 Take one look at Alan                    | I he wouldn't get so tired.                    |
| 10 If you were as handsome as a film star, | J if the guests hadn't been careless.          |

### 2 Put the verbs in brackets into the correct form.

- I won't help you with your homework if you don't tidy (not tidy) your bedroom.
- You'll need a visa if you \_\_\_\_\_ (want) to travel to China.
- If he \_\_\_\_\_ (care) about other people's feelings, he wouldn't behave that way.
- She \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) successful if she doesn't learn to control her temper.
- If I'd known you were such a gossip, I \_\_\_\_\_ (not tell) you my secret.
- They would work harder if they \_\_\_\_\_ (not be) so tired.
- The boss \_\_\_\_\_ (be) furious if he'd found out what you were up to.
- If the temperature \_\_\_\_\_ (fall) below freezing, water turns to ice.
- If they \_\_\_\_\_ (not expect) delays, they wouldn't have set off so early.
- Open the envelope and you \_\_\_\_\_ (discover) what prize you've won.

**3** Complete the sentence for each picture using the third conditional, to show how missing her bus one day resulted in a new job for Zoe.



- 1 If she hadn't missed her bus, she wouldn't have gone into the café.
- 2 If there had been a free table, she \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_, she wouldn't have had to wait for her coffee.
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_, she wouldn't have picked up the magazine.
- 5 If she hadn't noticed the advertisement, she \_\_\_\_\_.

**4** Complete the following sentences by Cambridge First candidates with the correct form of these verbs.

apply be come earn get go have stay take

- 1 If I had \_\_\_\_\_ to choose a present, I would like to have a new skirt.
- 2 If he hadn't been interested in the job, he \_\_\_\_\_ (not) for it in the first place.
- 3 If I \_\_\_\_\_ you, I would try to organise water skiing for my students.
- 4 If we had seen her during the holidays, we \_\_\_\_\_ her to the castle.
- 5 If I \_\_\_\_\_ more money, I would buy a new phone.
- 6 I'll be really happy if you \_\_\_\_\_ to my birthday party.
- 7 If she \_\_\_\_\_ at home on Saturday, she wouldn't have met Andrei at the party.
- 8 If I \_\_\_\_\_ camping with my father, we will probably go fishing.
- 9 If I watch too much TV before school, my father \_\_\_\_\_ angry with me.

# Exam practice

## Reading and Use of English Part 6

You are going to read a magazine article about a young woman who works in a nursery school. Six sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences **A–G** the one which fits each gap (1–6). There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use.

### CHANCES

*Nursery school teacher Sarah Oliver tells how a chance meeting changed her life.*

I really enjoy my job, it makes me feel good at the beginning of every week, because I love working with small children and I enjoy the challenges that arise. But there was a time when I thought I would never have that sort of career.

I wasn't very good at school: I mean, I didn't like studying much, so I didn't try very hard. I thought I was the sort of person who couldn't do school work, I suppose. **1**  But in my final term I started thinking what I might do and I realised that I didn't have much to offer. If I'd worked harder, I would have had better grades, but it was too late. I just accepted that I wasn't the type to have a career.

Then I thought, well, I've spent every holiday for the past five years helping my mum – I've got two brothers and a sister, all much younger than me. **2**  Their father worked abroad and their mother had some high-powered job in an insurance company. I did most of the housework and I had a lot of responsibility for the children although I was only sixteen.

The problems began really when I agreed to live in, so that I would be there if my boss had to go out for business in the evening. What was supposed to happen was, if I had to work extra hours one week, she'd give me time off the next. But unfortunately, it didn't often work out. **3**  I felt trapped, because if I walked out, there wouldn't be anyone to look after them.

Anyway, one Sunday I was in the park with them, while their parents were on yet another business trip, and I met a girl called Megan I used to be at school with. **4**  I was telling her how I loved the kids but hated the job and she said, 'If you want to work with children, you ought to do a course and get a qualification.'

I thought you couldn't do courses if you hadn't done all sorts of exams at school, but she persuaded me to phone the local college and they were really helpful. My experience counted for a lot and I got on a part-time course. **5**  I was really short of money and I even had to get an evening job as a waitress for a while. But it was worth it in the end.

Now I've got a full-time job. Most of the children in this school come from families where there are problems like unemployment or poor housing. **6**  The children benefit, but also the parents. It gives them time to sort things out, go for training or job interviews, and so on. I'll always be grateful to Megan. If I hadn't bumped into her, I would have stayed on where I was, getting more and more fed up.

- A I had to leave my job with the family, but I got work helping out at a nursery school.
- B I find that the work we do helps in lots of ways.
- C I was getting more and more tired and fed up, because I had too many late nights and early mornings with the little ones.
- D So I found myself a job as a nanny, looking after two little girls.
- E We weren't particularly friendly before, but we chatted about what we were doing.
- F If I'd had more confidence, I would have done that.
- G I was just impatient to leave as soon as I could.

## Grammar focus task

Without looking back at the text, match the beginnings and endings of these extracts.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1 I thought you couldn't do courses      | A there wouldn't be anyone to look after them.      |
| 2 If I'd worked harder,                  | B you ought to do a course and get a qualification. |
| 3 If I hadn't bumped into her,           | C I would have done that.                           |
| 4 If I'd had more confidence,            | D she'd give me time off the next.                  |
| 5 If you want to work with children,     | E I would have stayed on where I was.               |
| 6 If I walked out,                       | F I would have had better grades.                   |
| 7 If I had to work extra hours one week, | G if you hadn't done all sorts of exams at school.  |

## Exercises

### Fill in the correct tense of the verbs in brackets.

1. If the weather is nice tomorrow, we (have) \_\_\_\_\_ a barbecue.
2. Would you like to live in America if you (be) \_\_\_\_\_ able to choose?
3. My brother would have bought a car if he (not fail) \_\_\_\_\_ his driving test.
4. We (not tell) \_\_\_\_\_ anyone if you want to keep this information secret.
5. We could have helped Jenny if we (know) \_\_\_\_\_ about her problems.
6. I (give) \_\_\_\_\_ you a fair price if you decided to sell your computer.
7. If the taxi-driver (not get) \_\_\_\_\_ lost, we could have got here earlier.
8. I could buy those white jeans if I (have) \_\_\_\_\_ ten pounds more.
9. If Leo (have) \_\_\_\_\_ problems at school, he should talk to his teacher.
10. Would you go out more often if you (not have) \_\_\_\_\_ so much homework?

### Translate the German parts into English.

11. You could save a lot of time (*wenn du ein Auto hättest.*) \_\_\_\_\_
12. If Peter doesn't come soon, (*essen wir ohne ihn.*) \_\_\_\_\_
13. (*Wenn du rennen würdest*) \_\_\_\_\_, you would catch the bus.
14. Jane (*hätte die Antwort gewusst*) \_\_\_\_\_ if she had listened in class.

### Choose the correct form from the brackets.

15. If you (would live/lived) in England, you would have school every afternoon.
16. Will you phone me (if/when) you get to the hotel?
17. If you had a Saturday job, you (had/would have) more money.
18. Jill would be happier if she (would be/was) back at home with her friends.

### Spot the mistakes. There is one in each sentence (pair).

19. If you wait a minute, I go with you.
20. If you would go by train, it would be quicker than by bus.
21. I could have phoned you if you didn't forget to give me your new number.
22. What would you do if somebody would give you a thousand dollars?
23. If we hadn't forgotten the map, we had not got lost.
24. If the weather will be good, we can go swimming tomorrow.
25. I might speak perfect English if I live in America. But I don't.
26. If somebody would have taken your money, what would you have done?

(Seidl, 2004)

## A trip to Edinburgh *if und when*

**Megan is going to Edinburgh to visit her relatives<sup>1</sup>. Complete the dialogues with if or when.**

### At the station

Megan: **If** the train is on time<sup>2</sup>, it will leave in about ten minutes.

Mother: I'll pick you up from the station **when** you get back. Let me know the time.

Megan: OK. Thanks. I'll phone you \_\_\_\_\_ I know which train I'll be on.

Mother: You didn't have much breakfast. \_\_\_\_\_ you're hungry, get something to eat on the train.

Megan: OK. Bye, then. I'll phone you \_\_\_\_\_ I arrive.

### On the train

Megan: Is it OK \_\_\_\_\_ I open the window?

Woman: Yes of course. It's too warm in here. I feel sleepy.

Megan: \_\_\_\_\_ there's a draught<sup>3</sup>, I'll close it again.

Woman: \_\_\_\_\_ I fall asleep<sup>4</sup>, will you wake me \_\_\_\_\_ we get to Newcastle? I have to change there.

### Arriving in Edinburgh

Ben: Hi, Megan! How was the journey? Give me your bag. I'll carry it for you, \_\_\_\_\_ you like.

Megan: Hi, favourite cousin! Thanks, it's heavy. How's everybody at home?

Ben: They're all looking forward to seeing you. Mum has made lots of food, so \_\_\_\_\_ we get home, we'll have dinner. And \_\_\_\_\_ the weather is good tomorrow, we'll have a big barbecue – specially for you. So I'm really glad you've come.

## What will happen if ...? Bedingungssatz I

**Dan would like to go to the disco, but it's Wednesday and he's got school the next day. He is thinking about what will/won't happen if he goes. Write conditional sentences (type I).**

**Use the following phrases:**

go to the disco ▪ come home late ▪ not go to bed until after twelve ▪ get up late ▪ not catch the school bus ▪ have to walk ▪ not arrive on time ▪ make the teacher angry ▪ get extra homework ▪ have to stay at home tomorrow night ▪ miss the rock concert ▪ lose the fifteen pounds for the ticket

**Continue:**

Dan: *If I go to the disco, I'll come home late.*

*If I come home late, I won't go to bed until after twelve.*

1 *If I don't go to bed until after twelve, ...*

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

<sup>1</sup> relative *Verwandte/r*

<sup>2</sup> on time *pünktlich*

<sup>3</sup> draught [dra:ft] *Luftzug*

<sup>4</sup> fall asleep *einschlafen*

## If I won the lottery Bedingungssatz II

**Mike and his friends are thinking about what they would do if they won a lot of money in the Saturday lottery. Make sentences like this: If ... won the lottery, he/she ...**

|      |  |
|------|--|
| Ex.: | Mike: go – holiday – USA<br><b>If Mike <u>won</u> the lottery, he <u>would go</u> on holiday to the USA.</b> |
| 1    | Justin: buy – motorbike  |
| 2    | Tariq: put – bank  |
| 3    | Selima: go – holiday – Australia   |
| 4    | Maggie: buy – presents – family  |
| 5    | Pete: invite – friends – party   |
| 6    | Jill: buy – horse – learn – ride   |

## It would be cheaper Bedingungssatz II

**Nick's friend Barry is planning his first trip to the States. He wants to fly to New York and Washington for ten days. Nick has different ideas. Complete their conversation with the correct forms of the verbs given, for conditional sentences (type II).**

Barry: I'm planning to fly to New York and Washington in the Christmas holidays.

Nick: At Christmas? If you **flew** in October, it **would be** cheaper.

And why New York and Washington in winter? If you (go) \_\_\_\_\_ to California or Florida, it would be warmer.

Barry: I know, but I'd like to see the big cities first. I think I'll fly from New York to Washington.

Nick: You (see) \_\_\_\_\_ more if you travelled by bus.

Barry: But it would take longer. I'm only going to stay for ten days.

Nick: If you (stay) \_\_\_\_\_ for two weeks, it wouldn't cost much more.

Barry: Well, I'll think about it. I'm going to buy some guidebooks on New York.

Nick: If you looked for travel info on the Internet, you (not need) \_\_\_\_\_ expensive books.

Barry: That's a good idea. I'll book hotel rooms on the Internet too.

Nick: Well, if you (book) \_\_\_\_\_ hotels through a travel agent, you (not pay) \_\_\_\_\_ the full price for the rooms.

Barry: Oh? I didn't know that. I need to wait until I have enough money anyway.

Nick: You (get) \_\_\_\_\_ the ticket cheaper if you (book) \_\_\_\_\_ your flights as early as possible.

Barry: I've never been on holiday alone before. I hope it won't be boring.

Nick: It (be) \_\_\_\_\_ more fun if you (take) \_\_\_\_\_ someone with you.

Barry: Yes, I suppose it would. Perhaps I'll ask a friend to go with me.

Nick: Well, if you (ask) \_\_\_\_\_ me, I (say) \_\_\_\_\_ yes.

## 2a Conditional sentences (type 1+2): Partner A

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1. If we ... , (walk)                                     | <i>it <u>would*</u> take hours to get there.</i>     |
| 2. <i>Stella <u>will find</u> the answer</i>              | if she ... carefully. (think)                        |
| 3. <i>If you <u>lock</u> your bike,</i>                   | thieves ... it. (not steal)                          |
| 4. Girls ... after him (not run)                          | <i>if <u>he wasn't</u> so famous.</i>                |
| 5. <i>If we <u>ask</u> them for help,</i>                 | they ... "no". (not say)                             |
| 6. If kids ... so noisy and nervous, (not be)             | <i>teaching them <u>would*</u> be more fun.</i>      |
| 7. Ice hockey players ... each other (hurt)               | <i>if they <u>didn't</u> wear helmets.</i>           |
| 8. <i>Jim and David <u>won't</u> play outside</i>         | if it ... all the time. (rain)                       |
| 9. <i>If the kids <u>had</u> a mobile with them,</i>      | we ... them now. (phone)                             |
| 10. If I ... hungry, (not be)                             | <i>I <u>won't</u> eat anything for lunch.</i>        |
| 11. <i>Carol <u>wouldn't</u> look so pretty</i>           | if she ... her hair short. (cut)                     |
| 12. <i>If you <u>are</u> tired,</i>                       | we ... a short break. (take)                         |
| 13. Mr Hill ... always ... his job (not lose)             | <i>if he <u>worked</u> harder.</i>                   |
| 14. <i>If Jonah <u>doesn't</u> go to bed now,</i>         | he ... tired at school tomorrow. (feel)              |
| 15. If she ... at home, (not be)                          | <i>I <u>will</u> send her a text message.</i>        |
| 16. If children ... sport, (not do)                       | <i>they <u>wouldn't*</u> have so much fun.</i>       |
| 17. <i>If somebody <u>doesn't</u> like guitars,</i>       | he / she ... music by 'The Beatles'. (not like)      |
| 18. Liz ... very sad (feel)                               | <i>if Terry <u>didn't</u> remember her birthday.</i> |
| 19. If Jim ... his teeth after meals, (clean)             | <i>he <u>won't</u> get trouble with them.</i>        |
| 20. <i>If there <u>were</u> more exercises like that,</i> | most students ... grammar lessons. (enjoy)           |
| 21. If Tilly ... her room, (not tidy)                     | <i>her mum <u>would</u> tell her to do it.</i>       |
| 22. <i>Max <u>will</u> choose the bike as a prize</i>     | if he ... the winning number. (have)                 |
- 
23. *If Jack packs his school bag in the evening, he won't forget so many things.*
24. Wenn Sophie laute Musik hören würde, würde sie das Telefon nicht hören.
25. *We wouldn't find our way if we didn't use a map.*
26. Die Gäste würden nicht singen und tanzen, wenn die Party langweilig wäre.
27. *I will phone you if my train is late.*
28. Niemand wird dich verstehen, wenn du nicht laut genug sprichst.
29. *If our guests got up now, we could have / eat breakfast together.*
30. Wenn ich (es) nicht vergesse, werde ich dir ein Souvenir kaufen.

\* In these sentences *would / could / might* and *wouldn't / couldn't / mightn't* can replace each other.

## 2a Conditional sentences (type 1+2): Partner B

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1. If we <u>walked</u> ,                                   | it ... hours to get there. (take)                                |
| 2. Stella ... the answer (find)                            | <i>if she <u>thinks</u> carefully.</i>                           |
| 3. If you ... your bike, (lock)                            | <i>thieves <u>won't steal</u> it.</i>                            |
| 4. <i>Girls <u>wouldn't run</u> after him</i>              | if he ... so famous. (not be)                                    |
| 5. If we ... them for help, (ask)                          | <i>they <u>won't say</u> "no".</i>                               |
| 6. <i>If kids <u>weren't</u> so noisy and nervous,</i>     | teaching them ... more fun. (be)                                 |
| 7. <i>Ice hockey players <u>would* hurt</u> each other</i> | if they ... helmets. (not wear)                                  |
| 8. Jim and David ... outside, (not play)                   | <i>if it <u>rains</u> all the time.</i>                          |
| 9. If the kids ... a mobile with them, (have)              | <i>we <u>could*</u> <u>phone</u> them now.</i>                   |
| 10. <i>If I'm <u>not hungry</u>,</i>                       | I ... anything for lunch. (not eat)                              |
| 11. Carol ... so pretty (not look)                         | <i>if she <u>cut</u> her hair short.</i>                         |
| 12. If you ... tired, (be)                                 | <i>we <u>will take</u> a short break.</i>                        |
| 13. <i>Mr Hill <u>wouldn't always lose</u> his job</i>     | if he ... harder. (work)   |
| 14. If Jonah ... to bed now, (not go)                      | <i>he <u>will feel</u> tired at school tomorrow.</i>             |
| 15. <i>If she <u>isn't</u> at home,</i>                    | I ... her a text message. (send)                                 |
| 16. <i>If children <u>didn't do</u> sport,</i>             | they ... so much fun. (not have)                                 |
| 17. If somebody ... guitars, (not like)                    | <i>he/she <u>won't like</u> music by 'The Beatles'.</i>          |
| 18. <i>Liz <u>would feel</u> very sad</i>                  | if Terry ... her birthday. (not remember)                        |
| 19. <i>If Jim <u>cleans</u> his teeth after meals,</i>     | he ... trouble with them. (not get)                              |
| 20. If there ... more exercises like that, (be)            | <i>most students <u>would*</u> <u>enjoy</u> grammar lessons.</i> |
| 21. <i>If Tilly <u>didn't tidy</u> her room,</i>           | her mum ... her to do it. (tell)                                 |
| 22. Max ... the bike as a prize (choose)                   | <i>if he <u>has</u> the winning number.</i>                      |
23. Wenn Jack seine Schultasche am Abend packt, wird er nicht so viele Dinge vergessen.
24. *If Sophie listened to loud music, she wouldn't hear the telephone.*
25. Wir würden unsern Weg nicht finden, wenn wir nicht eine Landkarte benutzen würden.
26. *The guests wouldn't sing and dance if the party was boring.*
27. Ich werde dich anrufen, wenn mein Zug Verspätung hat.
28. *Nobody will understand you if you don't speak loud enough.*
29. Wenn unsere Gäste jetzt aufstehen würden, könnten wir zusammen frühstücken.
30. *If I don't forget, I will buy you a souvenir.*

\* In these sentences *would/could/might* and *wouldn't/couldn't/mightn't* can replace each other.

## 2b Conditional sentences (type 1-3): Partner A

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. Alex <u>will invite</u> Susan for a drink     | if he ... her at the disco. (meet)                          |
| 2. Our team ... every match (not lose)           | <i>if we <u>practised</u> more often.</i>                   |
| 3. Grandfather <u>would* have died</u>           | if he ... to hospital. (not go)                             |
| 4. If Aunt Victoria <u>travels</u> to Paris,     | she ... the Eiffel Tower. (visit)                           |
| 5. If I ... you, (be)                            | <i>I <u>would go and see a doctor</u>, of course.</i>       |
| 6. Your teacher <u>will talk</u> to your parents | if you ... your homework. (not do)                          |
| 7. If we ... our umbrellas, (take)               | <i>we <u>wouldn't* have got</u> wet through.</i>            |
| 8. If the fridge <u>doesn't work</u> ,           | the food ... bad. (go)                                      |
| 9. If Sarah ... in the holidays, (not work)      | <i>she <u>couldn't pay</u> for those expensive clothes.</i> |
| 10. You ... your fingers (cut)                   | <i>if you <u>aren't careful</u> with that knife.</i>        |
| 11. Alan <u>would* have taken</u> a photo        | if he ... a camera. (have)                                  |
| 12. Anne ... a lot of time (save)                | <i>if she <u>had gone</u> by plane.</i>                     |
| 13. If you ... museums, (not like)               | <i>we <u>won't visit</u> any of them.</i>                   |
| 14. If the weather <u>didn't change</u> ,        | they ... the weekend on the beach. (spend)                  |
| 15. If Cathy <u>had played</u> well,             | she ... that match. (win)                                   |
| 16. Little Tom <u>could* ride</u> his bike again | if somebody ... it. (repair)                                |
| 17. If I ... at home again, (be)                 | <i>I <u>will write</u> you a letter.</i>                    |
| 18. It ... our environment (help)                | <i>if more people <u>used</u> public transport.</i>         |
| 19. If he <u>had told</u> me his troubles,       | I ... to help him. (try)                                    |
| 20. Football <u>wouldn't* be</u> so popular      | if it ... so exciting. (not be)                             |
| 21. If you <u>don't like</u> this room,          | I ... you another. (show)                                   |
| 22. If Peter ... so many mistakes, (not make)    | <i>English <u>would* be</u> more fun for him.</i>           |
23. Wenn Marvin sich beeilt hätte, hätte er den Schulbus nicht verpasst.
24. If Laura had given a birthday party, she would have invited me.
25. Wenn Papa jetzt nach Hause käme, könnten wir zu Mittag essen.
26. If Gina doesn't come, Colin will go without her.
27. Wenn das Baby nicht müde ist, wird es nicht schlafen.
28. If I had the opportunity/chance, I would travel to Africa.
29. Ich würde sie auf meinem Heimweg besuchen, wenn ich ihre Adresse wüsste.
30. One day Joe will have an accident if he drives too fast.

\* In these sentences *would/could/might* and *wouldn't/couldn't/mightn't* can replace each other.

## 2b Conditional sentences (type 1-3): Partner B

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1. Alex ... Susan for a drink (invite)  | <i>if he <u>meets</u> her at the disco.</i>               |
| 2. <i>Our team <u>wouldn't*</u> lose every match</i>                                    | if we ... more often. (practise)                          |
| 3. Grandfather ... (die)  | <i>if he <u>hadn't gone</u> to hospital.</i>              |
| 4. If Aunt Victoria ... to Paris, (travel)  | <i>she <u>will visit</u> the Eiffel Tower.</i>            |
| 5. <i>If I <u>were</u> you,</i>   | I ... a doctor, of course. (go and see)                   |
| 6. Your teacher ... to your parents (talk)  | <i>if you <u>don't do</u> your homework.</i>              |
| 7. <i>If we <u>had taken</u> our umbrellas,</i>   | we ... wet through. (not get)                             |
| 8. If the fridge ... , (not work)   | <i>the food <u>will go</u> bad.</i>                       |
| 9. <i>If Sarah <u>didn't work</u> in the holidays,</i>                                  | she ... for those expensive clothes. (not pay)            |
| 10. <i>You <u>will cut</u> your fingers</i>   | if you ... careful with that knife. (not be)              |
| 11. Alan ... a photo (take)   | <i>if he <u>had had</u> a camera.</i>                     |
| 12. <i>Anne <u>would*</u> have saved a lot of time</i>                                  | if she ... by plane. (go)                                 |
| 13. <i>If you <u>don't like</u> museums,</i>  | we ... any of them. (not visit)                           |
| 14. If the weather ... , (not change)   | <i>they <u>would*</u> spend the weekend on the beach.</i> |
| 15. If Cathy ... well, (play)   | <i>she <u>would*</u> have won that match.</i>             |
| 16. Little Tom ... his bike again (ride)  | <i>if somebody <u>repaired</u> it.</i>                    |
| 17. <i>If I <u>am</u> at home again,</i>  | I ... you a letter. (write)                               |
| 18. <i>It <u>would help</u> our environment</i>   | if more people ... public transport. (use)                |
| 19. If he ... me his troubles, (tell)   | <i>I <u>would*</u> have tried to help him.</i>            |
| 20. Football ... so popular (not be)  | <i>if it <u>wasn't</u> so exciting.</i>                   |
| 21. If you ... this room, (not like)  | <i>I <u>will show</u> you another.</i>                    |
| 22. <i>If Peter <u>didn't make</u> so many mistakes,</i>                                | English ... more fun for him. (be)                        |
| 23. <i>If Marvin <u>had hurried</u>, he <u>wouldn't have missed</u> the school bus.</i> |   |
| 24. Wenn Laura eine Geburtstagsparty gegeben hätte, hätte sie mich eingeladen.          |   |
| 25. <i>if Dad <u>came</u> home now, we <u>could have/eat</u> lunch.</i>                 |   |
| 26. Wenn Gina nicht kommt, wird Colin ohne sie gehen.                                   |   |
| 27. <i>If the baby <u>isn't tired</u>, it <u>won't sleep</u>.</i>                       |   |
| 28. Wenn ich die Möglichkeit/Chance hätte, würde ich nach Afrika reisen.                |   |
| 29. <i>I <u>would visit</u> her on my way home if I <u>knew</u> her address.</i>        |   |
| 30. Eines Tages wird Joe einen Unfall haben, wenn er zu schnell fährt.                  |   |

\* In these sentences *would/could/might* and *wouldn't/couldn't/mightn't* can replace each other.

## Unit 17

## A: Context listening

- 2 She is asking Double X to find the man in the photo.  
 3 1 It's out of focus. 2 Because she doesn't have a better one.  
 3 a woman 4 Look at it with your eyes half closed.  
 5 Double X 6 *Sample answer:* Perhaps Double X's former girlfriend sent it, because she was angry with him and wanted to cause trouble.  
 4 1 'll be 2 had, 'd give 3 'd told, wouldn't have needed  
 4 would give, knew 5 is, look  
 5 1 present simple 2 present simple 3 past simple  
 4 past perfect

## C: Grammar exercises

- 1 2 E 3 A 4 I 5 H 6 B 7 C 8 G 9 D 10 F (> B1-4)  
 2 2 want 3 cared 4 won't be 5 wouldn't have told 6 weren't  
 7 would have been 8 falls 9 hadn't expected 10 'll (will) discover (> B1-4)  
 3 2 wouldn't have sat opposite that man 3 If the service hadn't been really/so slow 4 If she hadn't been bored 5 she wouldn't have applied for that job (> B4)  
 4 2 wouldn't have applied 3 were 4 would have taken 5 earned 6 come 7 'd/had stayed 8 go 9 gets (> B1-4)

## Exam practice

## Reading and Use of English Part 6

1 G 2 D 3 C 4 E 5 A 6 B

## Grammar focus task

2 F 3 E 4 C 5 B 6 A 7 D

## Unit 18

## A: Context listening

- 2 a fruit cake  
 3 2 adding 3 beating 4 to add 5 using 6 to use 7 to add 8 to use 9 to check 10 adding 11 to ice 12 to have  
 4 Some of the verbs are the *to* infinitive and some are the *-ing* form.

## C: Grammar exercises

- 1 2 working 3 doing 4 to stay 5 working 6 to stop 7 singing 8 to tell 9 working 10 to ignore 11 going 12 to go (> B1, B3)  
 2 2 to take 3 coming 4 to have 5 come 6 jump 7 phoning 8 to hear 9 to eat 10 to become (> B1-4, B6, B8)  
 3 2 to get 3 making, to finish 4 to book 5 throwing 6 to inform 7 lending 8 to leave 9 wearing 10 to chat 11 to send 12 going 13 to write 14 watching (> B5)  
 4 3 knowing to know 4 ✓ 5 getting to get 6 ✓ 7 to-be being 8 to-tell telling 9 ✓ 10 ✓ 11 ✓ 12 to-take taking (> B1, B3)

## Exam practice

## Reading and Use of English

1 A 2 D 3 D 4 C 5 B 6 C 7 A 8 C

## Grammar focus task

Verb + *to infinitive*: attempt, decide, demand, expect, hope, learn, wantVerb + *-ing*: consider, delay, imagine, suggestVerb + *object* + *to infinitive*: expect, persuade, remind, want

## Unit 19

## A: Context listening

- 2 They're going to climb a mountain.  
 3 2 Provided 3 unless 4 in case 5 I'd rather 6 As long as 7 wish 8 It's time  
 4 The verbs are in the present tense.

## C: Grammar exercises

- 1 2 They'll be here soon unless their plane is delayed.  
 3 Unless you're in a hurry, you could take the bus.  
 4 I won't be able to come to see you tomorrow unless my brother can give me a lift.  
 5 Unless the factory increases its production, it will close down.  
 6 Unless you write your address down for me, I'll forget it.  
 7 I won't stay in that hotel unless it's got a good restaurant.  
 8 Unless I hear from you, I'll meet you at six. (> B1)  
 2 2 if 3 if 4 in case 5 in case 6 if 7 in case 8 in case (> B2)  
 3 2 provided that 3 in case 4 as long as 5 in case 6 unless (> B1-3)  
 4 *Sample answers:*  
 3 I'd brought my phone  
 4 I could speak the language  
 5 I'd bought a phrase book  
 6 I wasn't/weren't hot and thirsty / I had something to drink  
 7 I hadn't come here alone / I'd come here with someone else  
 8 someone would help me  
 9 I hadn't come here  
 10 I was/were back in my hotel (> B4)  
 5 2 use 3 are 4 finishes 5 didn't bring 6 would learn 7 behaves 8 don't know 9 can't 10 changes 11 hadn't been 12 'll (will) miss (> B1-5)

## Exam practice

## Reading and Use of English Part 4

- 1 unless you press  
 2 in case the coach left  
 3 provided (that) you give  
 4 started cooking (now) or else  
 5 if you keep (on)playing  
 6 would (really) rather not eat

## Grammar focus task

2 D (*In good time* means early.) 3 S 4 D (The sentences above are about making sure the food will be ready.) 5 D (This sentence suggests that the neighbours may not complain about the drumming, whereas in the sentences above it is certain that they will complain.) 6 S

## Exercises

### *Fill in the correct tense of the verbs in brackets.*

1. If the weather is nice tomorrow, we (have) **will have** a barbecue.
2. Would you like to live in America if you (be) **were** able to choose?
3. My brother would have bought a car if he (not fail) **hadn't failed** his driving test.
4. We (not tell) **won't tell** anyone if you want to keep this information secret.
5. We could have helped Jenny if we (know) **had known** about her problems.
6. I (give) **would (could) give** you a fair price if you decided to sell your computer.
7. If the taxi-driver (not get) **hadn't got** lost, we could have got here earlier.
8. I could buy those white jeans if I (have) **had** ten pounds more.
9. If Leo (have) **has** problems at school, he should talk to his teacher.
10. Would you go out more often if you (not have) **didn't have** so much homework?

### *Translate the German parts into English.*

11. You could save a lot of time (*wenn du ein Auto hättest.*) **if you had a car.**
12. If Peter doesn't come soon, (*essen wir ohne ihn.*) **we'll (will) eat without him.**
13. (*Wenn du rennen würdest*) **If you ran**, you would catch the bus.
14. Jane (*hätte die Antwort gewusst*) **would have known the answer** if she had listened in class.

### *Choose the correct form from the brackets.*

15. If you (~~would live~~/**lived**) in England, you would have school every afternoon.
16. Will you phone me (~~if~~/**when**) you get to the hotel?
17. If you had a Saturday job, you (~~had~~/**would have**) more money.
18. Jill would be happier if she (~~would be~~/**was**) back at home with her friends.

### *Spot the mistakes. There is one in each sentence (pair).*

19. If you wait a minute, I **will** go with you.
20. If you ~~would go~~ **went** by train, it would be quicker than by bus.
21. I could have phoned you if you ~~didn't~~ **hadn't forgotten** to give me your new number.
22. What would you do if somebody ~~would give~~ **gave** you a thousand dollars?
23. If we hadn't forgotten the map, we ~~had~~ **would not have** got lost.
24. If the weather ~~will be~~ **is** good, we can go swimming tomorrow.
25. I might speak perfect English if I ~~live~~ **lived** in America. But I don't.
26. If somebody ~~would have~~ **had** taken your money, what would you have done?

(Seidl, 2004)

## A trip to Edinburgh *if und when*

**Megan is going to Edinburgh to visit her relatives<sup>5</sup>. Complete the dialogues with if or when.**

### At the station

Megan: **If** the train is on time<sup>6</sup>, it will leave in about ten minutes.

Mother: I'll pick you up from the station **when** you get back. Let me know the time.

Megan: OK. Thanks. I'll phone you **when** I know which train I'll be on.

Mother: You didn't have much breakfast. **If** you're hungry, get something to eat on the train.

Megan: OK. Bye, then. I'll phone you **when** I arrive.

### On the train

Megan: Is it OK **if** I open the window?

Woman: Yes of course. It's too warm in here. I feel sleepy.

Megan: **If** there's a draught<sup>7</sup>, I'll close it again.

Woman: **If** I fall asleep<sup>8</sup>, will you wake me **when** we get to Newcastle? I have to change there.

### Arriving in Edinburgh

Ben: Hi, Megan! How was the journey? Give me your bag. I'll carry it for you, **if** you like.

Megan: Hi, favourite cousin! Thanks, it's heavy. How's everybody at home?

Ben: They're all looking forward to seeing you. Mum has made lots of food, so **when** we get home, we'll have dinner. And **if** the weather is good tomorrow, we'll have a big barbecue – specially for you. So I'm really glad you've come.

## What will happen if ...? Bedingungssatz I

**Dan would like to go to the disco, but it's Wednesday and he's got school the next day. He is thinking about what will/won't happen if he goes. Write conditional sentences (type I).**

**Use the following phrases:**

go to the disco ▪ come home late ▪ not go to bed until after twelve ▪ get up late ▪ not catch the school bus ▪ have to walk ▪ not arrive on time ▪ make the teacher angry ▪ get extra homework ▪ have to stay at home tomorrow night ▪ miss the rock concert ▪ lose the fifteen pounds for the ticket

**Continue:**

Dan: **If I go to the disco, I'll come home late.**

**If I come home late, I won't go to bed until after twelve.**

1 **If I don't go to bed until after twelve, ... I'll get up late.**

2 **If I get up late, I won't catch the school bus.**

3 **If I don't catch the school bus, I'll have to walk.**

4 **If I have to walk, I won't arrive on time.**

5 **If I don't arrive on time, I'll make the teacher angry.**

6 **If I make the teacher angry, I'll get extra homework.**

7 **If I get extra homework, I'll have to stay at home tomorrow night.**

8 **If I have to stay at home tomorrow night, I'll miss the rock concert.**

9 **If I miss the rock concert, I'll lose the fifteen pounds for the ticket.**

<sup>5</sup> relative *Verwandte/r*

<sup>6</sup> on time *pünktlich*

<sup>7</sup> draught [dra:ft] *Luftzug*

<sup>8</sup> fall asleep *einschlafen*

## If I won the lottery Bedingungssatz II

*Mike and his friends are thinking about what they would do if they won a lot of money in the Saturday lottery. Make sentences like this: If ... won the lottery, he/she ...*

|      |   |
|------|---|
| Ex.: | Mike: go – holiday – USA<br><b>If Mike <u>won</u> the lottery, he <u>would go</u> on holiday to the USA.</b>          |
| 1    | Justin: buy – motorbike<br><b>If Justin won the lottery, he would buy a motorbike.</b>                                |
| 2    | Tariq: put – bank<br><b>If Tarik won the lottery, he would put the money in the bank.</b>                             |
| 3    | Selima: go – holiday – Australia<br><b>If Salima won the lottery, she would go on holiday to Australia.</b>           |
| 4    | Maggie: buy – presents – family<br><b>If Maggie won the lottery, she would buy presents for her family.</b>           |
| 5    | Pete: invite – friends – party<br><b>If Pete won the lottery, he would invite (all) his friends to a (big) party.</b> |
| 6    | Jill: buy – horse – learn – ride<br><b>If Jill won the lottery, she would buy a horse and learn to ride.</b>          |

## It would be cheaper Bedingungssatz II

*Nick's friend Barry is planning his first trip to the States. He wants to fly to New York and Washington for ten days. Nick has different ideas. Complete their conversation with the correct forms of the verbs given, for conditional sentences (type II).*

Barry: I'm planning to fly to New York and Washington in the Christmas holidays.

Nick: At Christmas? If you **flew** in October, it **would be** cheaper.

And why New York and Washington in winter? If you (go) **went** to California, or Florida, it would be warmer.

Barry: I know, but I'd like to see the big cities first. I think I'll fly from New York to Washington.

Nick: You (see) **would see** more if you travelled by bus.

Barry: But it would take longer. I'm only going to stay for ten days.

Nick: If you (stay) **stayed** for two weeks, it wouldn't cost much more.

Barry: Well, I'll think about it. I'm going to buy some guidebooks on New York.

Nick: If you looked for travel info on the Internet, you (not need) **wouldn't need** expensive books.

Barry: That's a good idea. I'll book hotel rooms on the Internet too.

Nick: Well, if you (book) **booked** hotels through a travel agent, you (not pay) **wouldn't pay** the full price for the rooms.

Barry: Oh? I didn't know that. I need to wait until I have enough money anyway.

Nick: You (get) **would get** the ticket cheaper if you (book) **booked** your flights as early as possible.

Barry: I've never been on holiday alone before. I hope it won't be boring.

Nick: It (be) **would be** more fun if you (take) **took** someone with you.

Barry: Yes, I suppose it would. Perhaps I'll ask a friend to go with me.

Nick: Well, if you (ask) **asked** me, I (say) **would say** yes.